

5/3020/2014

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Translation. Original text in Finnish.

Change of conventional dental X-ray practices exempt from a safety licence to practices requiring a safety licence

The Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority has decided that a safety licence referred to in Section 16 of the Radiation Act (592/1991) is required for the use of intraoral X-ray equipment, panoramic tomography X-ray equipment and cephalostats in conventional dental X-ray practices.

When the equipment mentioned above is used for conventional dental imaging, a dentist, doctor or hospital physicist who has received radiation protection training in accordance with Guide ST 1.7 may be named as the radiation safety officer as referred to in Section 18 of the Radiation Act (592/1991).

As concerns new types of dental X-ray equipment introduced into the market, the Radiation and Nuclear Safety will consider the need for a safety licence when the said licence is applied for.

This decision is valid as of 1 September 2014 until further notice. This decision repeals the Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority's decision of 18 August 2011 (2/3020/2011) concerning the exemption from a safety licence.

Director General

Petteri Tiippana

Director

Eero Kettunen